

St. Ita's N.S. Anti-Bullying Policy

- 1. In accordance with the requirements of the Education (Welfare) Act 2000 and the code of behaviour guidelines issued by the NEWB, the Board of Management of St. Ita's National School has **adopted the following anti-bullying policy** within the framework of the school's overall code of behaviour. This policy fully complies with the requirements of the Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools which were published in September 2013.
- 2. The Board of Management recognises the very serious nature of bullying and the negative impact that it can have on the lives of pupils and is therefore fully committed to the following **key principles of best practice** in preventing and tackling bullying behaviour:

(a) A positive school culture and climate which

- is welcoming of difference and diversity and is based on inclusivity;
- encourages pupils to disclose and discuss incidents of bullying behaviour in a non-threatening environment; and
- promotes respectful relationships across the school community;

Please refer to Appendix 1 for a list of the 'Key elements of a positive school culture and climate' and for 'Practical tips for building a positive school culture and climate'.

- (b) Effective leadership
- (c) A school-wide approach
- (d) A shared understanding of what bullying is and its impact
- (e) Implementation of education and prevention strategies (including awareness raising measures) that-
 - build empathy, respect and resilience in pupils;
 - · explicitly address the issues of cyber-bullying and identity-based bullying;
 - · effective supervision and monitoring of pupils;
- (f) Effective supervision and monitoring of pupils
- (g) Supports for staff

- (h) Consistent recording, investigation and follow up of bullying behaviour (including use of established intervention strategies); and
- (i) On-going evaluation of the effectiveness of the anti-bullying policy.
- 3. In accordance with the *Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools* bullying is defined as follows:

Bullying is unwanted negative behaviour, verbal, psychological or physical conducted, by an individual or group against another person (or persons) and which is repeated over time.

The following types of bullying behaviour are included in the definition of bullying:

- · deliberate exclusion, malicious gossip and other forms of relational bullying,
- cyber-bullying and
- identity-based bullying.

Isolated or once-off incidents of intentional negative behaviour, including a once-off offensive or hurtful text message or other private messaging, do not fall within the definition of bullying and should be dealt with, as appropriate, in accordance with the school's code of behaviour.

However, in the context of this policy, placing a once-off offensive or hurtful public message, image or statement on a social network site or other public forum where that message, image or statement can be viewed and/or repeated by other people will be regarded as bullying behaviour.

Negative behaviour that does not meet this definition of bullying will be dealt with in accordance with the school's code of behaviour.

Additional information on different types of bullying is set out in Section 2 of the *Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools*.

See Appendix 2 for a list of examples of bullying behaviours (which is non exhaustive).

4. The relevant teacher(s) for investigating and dealing with bullying is (are) as follows:

Relevant Teachers

- All teachers
- Deputy Principal
- Principal

Any teacher may act as a relevant teacher if circumstances warrant it.

5. The education and prevention strategies that will be used by the school are as follows (see Section 6.5 of the *Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools*):

Sample Education and prevention strategies

School-wide approach

- A school-wide approach to the fostering of respect for all members of the school community.
- The promotion of the value of diversity to address issues of prejudice and stereotyping, and highlight the unacceptability of bullying behaviour.
- The fostering and enhancing of the self-esteem of all our pupils through both curricular and extracurricular activities. Pupils will be provided with opportunities to develop a positive sense of self-worth through formal and informal interactions.
- Whole staff professional development on bullying to ensure that all staff develops an awareness of what bullying is, how it impacts on pupils' lives and the need to respond to it-prevention and intervention.
- An annual audit of professional development needs with a view to assessing staff requirements through internal staff knowledge/expertise and external sources
- Professional development with specific focus on the training of teachers
- School wide awareness raising and training on all aspects of bullying, to include pupils, parent(s)/guardian(s) and the wider school community.
- Supervision and monitoring of classrooms, corridors, school grounds, school tours and extracurricular activities. Non-teaching and ancillary staff will be encouraged to be vigilant and report issues to relevant teachers. Supervision will also apply to monitoring student use of communication technology within the school.
- Involvement of pupils in contributing to a safe school environment e.g. Lunchtime Pals and other student support activities.
- Development and promotion of an Anti-Bullying code for the school-to be displayed publicly in classrooms and in common areas of the school.
- The school's anti-bullying policy is discussed with pupils and all parent(s)/guardian(s)s are given a copy as part of the Code of Behaviour of the school.
- The implementation of regular whole school awareness measures E.g., parent(s)/guardian(s) seminars and regular school or year group assemblies.
- Encourage a culture of telling, with particular emphasis on the importance of bystanders. In that way pupils will gain confidence in 'telling'. This confidence factor is of vital importance. It should be made clear to all pupils that when they report incidents of bullying, they are not considered to be telling tales but are behaving responsibly.
- Ensuring that pupils know who to tell and how to tell, e.g.:
 - o Direct approach to teacher at an appropriate time, for example after class.
 - Hand notes up with homework.
 - Get a parent(s)/guardian(s) or friend to tell on your behalf.
 - Administer a confidential questionnaire to all pupils.
 - Ensure bystanders understand the importance of telling if they witness or know that bullying is taking place.
- Identify clear protocols to encourage parent(s)/guardian(s) to approach the school if they suspect that their child is being bullied. The protocol should be developed in consultation with parents.
- The development of an Acceptable Use Policy in the school to include the necessary steps to
 ensure that the access to technology within the school is strictly monitored, as is the pupils'
 use of mobile phones.
- The listing of supports currently being used in the school and the identification of other supports available to the school.

Implementation of curricula

- The full implementation of the SPHE curriculum and the RSE and Stay Safe Programmes.
- Continuous Professional Development for staff in delivering these programmes.
- School wide delivery of lessons on bullying from evidence-based programmes, E.g.,
- Stay Safe Programme,
- The Walk Tall Programme,
- Safeguarding Children (Clonfert Diocese Policies and Procedures),
- Zippy's friends.
- Friends for Life,
- Cyber Safety Workshops,
- Incredible Years,
- > Safebook Posters in classrooms
- School wide delivery of lessons on Relational aggression e.g. Be Safe-Be Web wise.
- Delivery of the Garda SPHE Programmes at primary level. These lessons, delivered by Community Gardai, cover issues around personal safety and cyber-bullying
- The school will specifically consider the additional needs of SEN pupils with regard to programme implementation and the development of skills and strategies to enable all pupils to respond appropriately.
- The school will implement the advice in "Sexual Orientation advice for schools" (RSE Primary, see booklet).

Links to other policies

- List school policies, practices and activities that are particularly relevant to bullying, e.g. Code of Behaviour
- Child Protection Policy
- Supervision of Pupils
- Acceptable Use Policy,
- Attendance Policy
- Sporting Activities Policy,
- School Tours Policy

6. The school's procedures for investigation, follow-up and recording of bullying behaviour and the established intervention strategies used by the school for dealing with cases of bullying behaviour are as follows (see Section 6.8 of the Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools):

6.8.9. Procedures for Investigating and Dealing with Bullying and Allegations of Bullying

The primary aim in investigating and dealing with bullying is to resolve any issues and to restore, as far as is practicable, the relationships of the parties involved (rather than to apportion blame);

The school's procedures must be consistent with the following approach.

Every effort will be made to ensure that all involved (including pupils, parent(s)/guardian(s)) understand this approach from the outset.

Reporting bullying behaviour

- Any pupil or parent(s)/guardian(s) may bring a bullying incident to any teacher in the school.
- All reports, including anonymous reports of bullying, will be investigated and dealt with by the relevant teacher.
- Teaching and non-teaching staff such as secretaries, special needs assistants (SNAs), caretakers, cleaners must report any incidents of bullying behaviour witnessed by them, or mentioned to them, to the relevant teacher;

Investigating and dealing with incidents:

- In investigating and dealing with bullying, the (relevant)teacher will exercise his/her professional judgement to determine whether bullying has occurred and how best the situation might be resolved;
- The principal must be made aware of any investigation of bullying being carried out within the school:
- Parent(s)/guardian(s) and pupils are required to co-operate with any investigation and assist
 the school in resolving any issues and restoring, as far as is practicable, the relationships of
 the parties involved as quickly as possible;
- Teachers should take a calm, unemotional problem-solving approach.
- Where possible incidents should be investigated outside the classroom situation to ensure the privacy of all involved;
- All interviews should be conducted with sensitivity and with due regard to the rights of all
 pupils concerned. Pupils who are not directly involved can also provide very useful information in this way;
- When analysing incidents of bullying behaviour, the relevant teacher should seek answers to
 questions of what, where, when, who and why. This should be done in a calm manner, setting
 an example in dealing effectively with a conflict in a non-aggressive manner;
- If a group is involved, each member should be interviewed individually at first. Thereafter, all
 those involved should be met as a group. At the group meeting, each member should be asked
 for his/her account of what happened to ensure that everyone in the group is clear about each
 other's statements;
- Each member of a group should be supported through the possible pressures that may face
 them from the other members of the group after the interview by the teacher;
 It may also be appropriate or helpful to ask those involved to write down their account of the
 incident(s)
- In cases where it has been determined by the relevant teacher in consultation with the principal that bullying behaviour has occurred, the parent(s)/guardian(s) of the parties involved should be contacted at an early stage to inform them of the matter and explain the actions being taken in line with school policy. The school should give parent(s)/guardian(s) an

- opportunity of discussing ways in which they can reinforce or support the actions being taken by the school and the supports provided to the pupils;
- Where the relevant teacher has in consultation with the principal, determined that a pupil
 has been engaged in bullying behaviour, it should be made clear to him/her how he/she is in
 breach of the school's anti-bullying policy and efforts should be made to try to get him/her to
 see the situation from the perspective of the pupil being bullied;
- It must also be made clear to all involved (each set of pupils and parent(s)/guardian(s)) that in any situation where disciplinary sanctions are required, this is a private matter between the pupil being disciplined, his or her parent(s)/guardian(s) and the school;

Follow up and recording

- In determining whether a bullying case has been adequately and appropriately addressed, the relevant teacher must, as part of his/her professional judgement and in consultation with the principal, take the following factors into account:
 - Whether the bullying behaviour has ceased;
 - Whether any issues between the parties have been resolved as far as is practicable;
 - -Whether the relationships between the parties have been restored as far as is practicable;
 - -Any feedback received from the parties involved, their parent(s)/guardian(s)s or the school Principal or Deputy Principal
- Follow-up meetings with the relevant parties involved should be arranged separately with a
 view to possibly bringing them together at a later date if the pupil who has been bullied is
 ready and agreeable.
- Where a parent(s)/guardian(s) is not satisfied that the school has dealt with a bullying case in accordance with these procedures, the parent(s)/guardian(s) must be referred, as appropriate, to the school's complaints procedures.
- In the event that a parent(s)/guardian(s) has exhausted the school's complaints procedures and is still not satisfied, the school must advise the parent(s)/guardian(s) of their right to make a complaint to the Ombudsman for Children.

Recording of bullying behaviour

It is imperative that all recording of bullying incidents must be done in an objective and factual manner.

The school's procedures for noting and reporting bullying behaviour are as follows:

Informal- pre-determination that bullying has occurred

- All staff must keep a written record of any incidents witnessed by them or notified to them. Consideration needs to be given to where the records will be made e.g. incident book. All incidents must be reported to the relevant teacher
- While all reports, including anonymous reports of bullying must be investigated and dealt
 with by the relevant teacher, the relevant teacher must keep a written record of the reports, the actions taken and any discussions with those involved regarding same
- The relevant teacher must inform the principal of all incidents being investigated.

Formal Stage 1-determination that bullying has occurred

• If it is established by the relevant teacher that bullying has occurred, the relevant teacher must keep appropriate written records which will assist his/her efforts to resolve the issues and restore, as far as is practicable, the relationships of the parties involved.

 The protocol for the storage of all records concerning bullying behaviour is – a folder which will be kept in the Principal's Office. This folder will be used to keep all Appendix 3 records.

Formal Stage 2-Appendix 3 (From Department of Education and Skills Procedures)

The relevant teacher must use the recording template at **Appendix 3** to record the bullying behaviour in the following circumstances:

- a) in cases where he/she considers that the bullying behaviour has not been adequately and appropriately addressed within 20 school days after he/she has determined that bullying behaviour occurred; and / or
- b) Where the school has decided as part of its anti-bullying policy that in certain circumstances bullying behaviour or repeated bullying behaviour must be recorded and reported immediately to the Principal or Deputy Principal as applicable.

The school should list behaviours that must be recorded and reported immediately to the principal. These should be in line with the school's Code of Behaviour.

Physical Aggression
Damage to Property
Isolation / Exclusion
Name Calling
Cyber Bullying
Intimidation
Malicious Gossip
Other

When the recording template is used, it must be retained by the relevant teacher in question and a copy maintained by the principal. Records will be kept in the Principal's Office and access provided to relevant teachers with the consent of the principal. Records will be kept in accordance with the current data retention procedures for schools.

Established intervention strategies

- Teacher interviews with all pupils
- Negotiating agreements between pupils and following these up by monitoring progress. This
 can be on an informal basis or implemented through a more structured mediation process
- Working with parent(s)/guardian(s)s to support school interventions
- No Blame Approach
- Circle Time
- Restorative interviews
- Restorative conferencing
- Peer mediation where suitable training has been given

The Procedures mention the following intervention strategies and reference Ken Rigby; www.bullyingawarenessweek.org/pdf/BullyingPreventionStrategiesinSchools Ken Rigby.pdf

- The traditional disciplinary approach
- Strengthening the victim
- Mediation

- Restorative Practice
- The Support Group Method
- The Method of Shared Concern
- 7. The school's programme of support for working with pupils affected by bullying is as follows (See section 6.8 of the Anti-Bullying Procedures for Primary and Post-Primary Schools);
 - All in-school supports and opportunities will be provided for the pupils affected by bullying to participate in activities designed to raise their self-esteem, to develop friendships and social skills and build resilience e.g.
 - Pastoral Care System
 - Care team/Student Support Team
 - Group work such as circle time
 - If pupils require counselling of further supports the school will endeavour to liaise with the appropriate agencies to organise same. This may be for the pupil affected by bullying or involved in the bullying behaviour.
 - Pupils should understand that there are no innocent bystanders and that all incidents of bullying behaviour must be reported to a teacher

8. Supervision and Monitoring of Pupils

The Board of Management confirms that appropriate supervision and monitoring policies and practices are in place to both prevent and deal with bullying behaviour and to facilitate early intervention where possible.

9. Prevention of Harassment

The Board of Management confirms that the school will, in accordance with its obligations under equality legislation, take all such steps that are reasonably practicable to prevent the sexual harassment of pupils or staff or the harassment of pupils or staff on any of the nine grounds specified i.e., gender including transgender, civil status, family status, sexual orientation, religion, age, disability, race and membership of the Traveller community.

- 10. This policy was updated by the staff in November 2021 and parents and pupils in senior classes were consulted. This policy was discussed and ratified at a Board of Management meeting on the 18th of November 2021.
- 11. This policy has been made available to school personnel, published on the school website (or where none exists, is otherwise readily accessible to parents and pupils on request) and provided to the Parents' Association (where one exists). A copy of this policy will be made available to the Department and the patron if requested.
- 12. This policy and its implementation will be reviewed by the Board of Management once in every school year. Written notification that the review has been completed will be made available to school personnel, published on the school website (or where none exists, be otherwise readily accessible to parents and pupils on request) and provided to the Parents' Association (where one exists). A record of the review and its outcome will be made available, if requested, to the patron and the Department.

Reviewed and ratified by the B.O.M. at meeting on: 18/11/2021

Signed: Signed: Patrick Coyle

Monsignor Cathal Geraghty
Chairperson of Board of Management Principal

Date: 18/11/2021 Date: 18/11/2021

Appendix 1 Key elements of a positive school culture and climate:

- The school acknowledges the right of each member of the school community to enjoy school in a secure environment.
- The school acknowledges the uniqueness of each individual and his/her worth as a human being.
- The school promotes positive habits of self-respect, self-discipline and responsibility among all its members.
- The school prohibits vulgar, offensive, sectarian or other aggressive behaviour or language by any of its members.
- The school has a clear commitment to promoting equity in general and gender equity in particular in all aspects of it's functioning.
- The school has the capacity to change in response to pupils' needs.
- The school identifies aspects of curriculum through which positive and lasting influences can be exerted towards forming pupils' attitudes and values.
- The school takes particular care of 'at risk' pupils and uses its monitoring systems to facilitate early intervention where necessary and it responds to the needs, fears or anxieties of individual members in a sensitive manner.
- The school recognises the need to work in partnership with and keep parents informed on procedures to improve relationships on a school-wide basis.
- The school recognises the role of parents in equipping the pupil with a range of life-skills.
- The school recognises the role of other community agencies in preventing and dealing with bullying.
- The school promotes habits of mutual respect, courtesy and an awareness of the interdependence of people in groups and communities.
- The school promotes qualities of social responsibility, tolerance and understanding among all its members both in school and out of school.
- Staff members share a collegiate responsibility, under the direction of the Principal, to act in preventing bullying/aggressive behaviour by any member of the school community.

Practical tips for building a positive school culture and climate:

The following are some practical tips for immediate actions that can be taken to help build a positive school culture and climate and to help prevent and tackle bullying behaviour.

- Model respectful behaviour to all members of the school community at all times.
- Explicitly teach pupils what respectful language and respectful behaviour looks like, acts like, sounds like and feels like in class and around the school.

- Display key respect messages in classrooms, in assembly areas and around the school. Involve pupils in the development of these messages.
- Catch them being good notice and acknowledge desired respectful behaviour by providing positive attention.
- Consistently tackle the use of discriminatory and derogatory language in the school.
- Give constructive feedback to pupils when respectful behaviour and respectful language are ignored.
- Have a system of encouragement and rewards to promote desired behaviour and compliance with the school rules and routines.
- Explicitly teach pupils about the appropriate use of social media.
- Positively encourage pupils to comply with the school rules on mobile phone and internet use.
- Follow up and follow through with pupils who ignore the rules.
- Actively promote the right of every member of the school community to be safe and secure in school.
- Highlight and explicitly teach school rules in pupil friendly language in the classroom and in common areas.
- All staff can actively watch out for signs of bullying behaviour.
- Ensure there is adequate playground/school yard/outdoor supervision.
- School staff can get pupils to help them to identify places and times when bullying might occur in the school E.g., playground / school yard / changing rooms and other areas of unstructured supervision.

Appendix 2 Examples of bullying behaviours

	Harassment based on any of the nine grounds in the equality leg-
General behaviours	islation E.g., sexual harassment, homophobic bullying, racist bully-
which apply to all types	ing etc.
of bullying	Physical aggression
	Damage to property
	Name calling
	 Slagging
	The production, display or circulation of written words, pictures or
	other materials aimed at intimidating another person
	Offensive graffiti
	Extortion
	Intimidation
	Insulting or offensive gestures
	The "look"
	Invasion of personal space
	A combination of any of the types listed
	Blanking or ignoring a child's contribution
	Denigration: Spreading rumors, lies or gossip to hurt a person's
Cyber	reputation
	Harassment: Continually sending vicious, mean or disturbing mes-
	sages to an individual
	Impersonation: Posting offensive or aggressive messages under
	another person's name
	Flaming: Using inflammatory or vulgar words to provoke an online
	fight
	Trickery: Fooling someone into sharing personal information
	which you then post online
	Outing: Posting or sharing confidential or compromising infor-
	mation or images
	Exclusion: Purposefully excluding someone from an online group
	Cyber stalking: Ongoing harassment and denigration that causes a
	person considerable fear for his/her safety
	Silent telephone/mobile phone call
	Abusive telephone/mobile phone calls
	Abusive text messages
	Abusive email
	Abusive communication on social networks E.g., Face-
	book/Ask.fm/ Twitter/ Tik Tok /WhatsApp/ Snapchat /You Tube or
	on games consoles
	Abusive website comments/Blogs/Pictures
	Abusive website comments/blogs/ netures Abusive posts on any form of communication technology
	- Abasive posts on any form of communication technology

Identity Based Behaviours

Including any of the nine discriminatory grounds mentioned in Equality Legislation (gender including transgender, civil status, family status, sexual orientation, religion, age, disability, race and membership of the Traveller community).

Race, nationality, ethnic background and membership of the Traveller community	 Spreading rumours about a person's sexual orientation Taunting a person of a different sexual orientation Name calling E.g., Gay, queer, lesbianused in a derogatory manner Physical intimidation or attacks Threats Discrimination, prejudice, comments or insults about colour, nationality, culture, social class, religious beliefs, ethnic or traveller background Exclusion on the basis of any of the above
Relational	This involves manipulating relationships as a means of bullying. Behaviours include: Malicious gossip Isolation & exclusion Ignoring Excluding from the group Taking someone's friends away "Bitching" Spreading rumours Breaking confidence Talking loud enough so that the victim can hear The "look" Use or terminology such as 'nerd' in a derogatory way
Sexual	 Unwelcome or inappropriate sexual comments or touching Harassment
Special Educational Needs, Disability	 Name calling Taunting others because of their disability or learning needs Taking advantage of some pupils' vulnerabilities and limited capacity to recognise and defend themselves against bullying Taking advantage of some pupils' vulnerabilities and limited capacity to understand social situations and social cues. Mimicking a person's disability Setting others up for ridicule

Appendix 3 Template for recording bullying behaviour

• •	eing bullied and class g	•						
Iame	Class							
2. Name(s) and cla	ass(es) of pupil(s) engag	ged in bull	lying bo	ehaviour				
Source of bullying	ng concern/report (tick	relevant h	ov(ec))	*				
Pupil concerned	ig concern/report (tick	1 Cic vant b	JUA(CS))					
Classroom								
Parent								
Teacher								
Other								
Ŧ	1 4 44 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	()).t-						
 Location of inci- Playground 	dents (tick relevant box	((es))*			T			
Classroom								
Corridor								
Toilets								
School Bus								
Other								
					L			
. Type of Bullying	g Behaviour (tick releva	ant box(es	s))*					
Physical Aggressic		•		Cyber-bullying				
Damage to Propert	ty			Intimidation				
Isolation/Exclusion				Malicious Gossip				
Name Calling				Other (specify)				
. Where behaviou Homophobic	Disability/SEN re-	Racist	ullying	, indicate the relevant category Membership of	Other (specify)			
Поторновіс	lated	Racist		Traveller Community	Other (specify)			
	luteu			Travener community				
	•	•						
. Brief description	n of bullying behaviour	and its in	npact					
D . 17 . 0 . 11	. •							
. Details of action	s taken							
ianed		(Palouen	t Tanah	ar) Data				
igned	rincinal/Deputy Principa	_ (Relevan	t Teach	er) Date				

Note: The categories listed in the tables 3,4 and 6 are suggestions and schools may add to or amend these to suit their own circumstances.